



Best Practices in Peer Education

Joleen M. Nevers, MAEd, CHES, CSE, CSES
Associate Director/Health Education Coordinator, University of Connecticut

Fran Taylor, MA
Director of Wellness Programming, College of the Holy Cross

Ryan M. Travia, M.Ed.
Associate Dean of Students for Wellness, Babson College
President, New England College Health Association
Region I Consultant, BACCHUS Initiatives of NASPA – Student Affairs Professionals in Higher Education



Learning Objectives

- **The participant should be able to describe how to structure a comprehensive recruitment process for peer educators.**
- **The participant should be able to list various retention strategies to maintain high levels of engagement among peer educators.**
- **The participant should be able to identify at least three strategies to measure the effectiveness of peer education programs.**
- **The participant should be able to list at least five common challenges associated with developing peer education programs.**

What Brings You Here Today?





Why Peer Education?

- **Research suggests that peer educators benefit the most**
- **Resource for health promotion/education**
- **Access to student population beyond office hours or availability of professionals**
- **Informal conversations and contact with peers beyond programming**
- **Vehicle for delivering evidence-based and/or evidence-informed interventions**
- **Culture change**



Peer Education Considerations

What is the purpose of the group?

- What are the objectives for the group
- How will the peer educators be utilized?
- What are the conditions they are meant to address?
- How does it relate back to the strategic plan for the institution?

Peer education group

- **Supervision of peer educators**
 - Staff and/or graduate students
 - Experienced peer educators
- **Format and structure of group**
 - Paid
 - Course/Internship credit
 - Volunteer
- **Topics covered by group**
 - All health topics
 - Specific health topics



Peer Education Considerations

Institution

- **Location**
 - Urban vs. Rural
- **Type of school**
 - Private
 - Public
 - Religious
 - Commuter
- **Resources**
 - Funding
 - Staff



Recruitment

- General recruitment strategies
- Targeted recruitment strategies
- Information sessions
- Formal application process
- Selection committee
- Interviews



Recruitment Process

Students For Responsible Choices (SRCs):

- Attend Leadership Fair spring semester
- Campus wide email recruitment in January of spring semester (for SRCs to begin the next fall)
- Solicit recommendations from key campus constituents
- Targeted emails: “You have been recommended.”
- Formal application process including 2 letters of recommendations
- Director of Wellness Programming interviews all candidates
- All current SRCs interview all candidates in group format (3 groups with 3 different interview tasks)
- Candidates selected and invited to a spring “Meet and Greet”



Recruitment Process

UConn Sexperts:

- Beginning of each semester prior to the mandatory training
- Discussed at programs, in stall streets, at events
- Applications are held until the screening process time
- Formal application process online
- Interview includes a UConn Sexpert and advisor
- Candidates are selected and called to be invited to the group



Recruitment Tips

- Structure is key – legitimizes your program
- Ask for recommendations
- Frame as “leadership development”
- Discuss what skills the student will gain from the program
- Be open about expectations of the group and program
- Where does this fall among the students’ priorities?
- Gauge time commitment, and then ask again, and again...



Retention

- Training
- Annual retreat
- Holiday parties
- Recognition
- Conference/training opportunities
- Letters of recommendation
- Banquets
- Friendships
- Leadership opportunities

Retention

UConn Sexperts:

- Shirting ceremony
- Holiday Party
- Mandatory training each semester
- Conference Opportunities
- Leadership positions
- Program awards
- Letters of Recommendation
- Dairy Bar end-of-the-year program
- “Cording” of our seniors and annual gifts of mugs and alumni sticker



Retention

SRCs:

- Training Week
- What's an SRC, Anyway?
- Branding
- Pizza and Personal Sharing
- Holiday Party
- BSU Fashion Show
- End of year BBQ
- Senior Gifts
- Letters of Recommendation
- Campus Recognition of the Group and its Mission



Branding



Students for Responsible Choices



Traditions



Traditions



Evaluation

- Individual assessment
- Group assessment
- Programmatic evaluation
- Campus-wide surveys
- NPES



Evaluation

- Individual assessment

- After program assessment of how each presenter did
- Reflection papers
- Set individual goals
- Provide individual feedback one-on-one
- Pre and post-test of semester or year
- Self-assessment leadership skills
- Pre and post test of content



Evaluation

- Group assessment

- Set up group goals or assigned evening goals
- Provide assessment feedback loop at programs
- Have students provide feedback to each other during practice or prior to a program
- What are some of the programs that utilize best practice? What do we mean by best practice in peer education?



Evaluation

- Programmatic evaluation
 - Use program objectives and measure them for each presentation
 - Set measures for behavior change and track indicators
 - Measure beyond satisfaction of program
 - What are other colleges (peer and aspirational schools) doing; compare for best practice



Evaluation



- Campus-wide surveys
 - Understand key health issues for your students (ACHA-NCHA)
 - Ask who they trust on campus and capitalize on that information
 - Determine if students can identify the peer education with the department or office—does it matter?

Evaluation



- **National Peer Education Study**

The National Peer Educator Study was designed to provide evidence-based research outcomes associated with being a peer educator on a college or university campus. The National Peer Educator Survey (NPES), is a Web-based survey administered to peer educators affiliated with NASPA -BACCHUS on college and university campuses across the United States. The NPES focuses on the following:

- Peer educator perceptions regarding intra- and interpersonal growth and development among a number of health related behaviors;
- Time peer educators devote to educationally purposeful activities and experiences; and
- Behaviors peer educators use to motivate a behavior change in peers



Challenges & Lessons Learned

- Attendance
- Branding: T-shirts, logos, tablecloths
- Behavioral standards
- Social media
- Structure
- Flexibility
- Leadership demand
- A few good men
- Group dynamics
- Competing commitments of peer educators
- How **NOT** to reinvent the wheel
- Leadership development

Discussion groups



- **Break into groups based on topics to discuss strategies**
 - Recruitment
 - Retention
 - Branding
 - Evaluation
 - Challenges
 - Other

Report Out On Strategies



Resources

- The BACCHUS Network
 - <https://www.naspa.org/constituent-groups/groups/bacchus-initiatives>
- Certified Peer Educator (CPE) Training
 - <https://www.naspa.org/constituent-groups/groups/bacchus-initiatives/initiatives/certified-peer-educator-training>
- UConn Health Education Website (www.healthed.uconn.edu)
 - Health Education Facebook Page (www.facebook.com/#!/uconnhealthed)
 - Twitter (@capt_condom)
 - Instagram (@capt_condom)
- Babson Wellness Website (<http://www.babson.edu/student-life/health-wellness>)



Contact Information

- Joleen M. Nevers, MAEd, CHES, CSE, CSES University of Connecticut

joleen.nevers@uconn.edu

860-486-0772

- Fran Taylor, MA, College of the Holy Cross

ftaylor@holycross.edu

508-793-2302

- Ryan Travia, M.Ed., Babson College

rtravia@babson.edu

781-239-4218

Twitter: @DeanRyanTravia